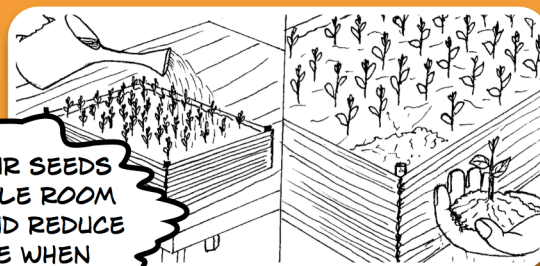
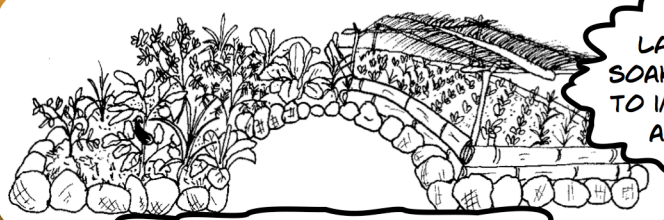


USE YOUR KNUCKLES! -
1 DEEP OR LESS FOR
SMALL SEEDS, 2 DEEP
FOR LARGE SEEDS

SPACE OUT YOUR SEEDS
TO ALLOW AMPLE ROOM
FOR GROWTH AND REDUCE
ROOT DAMAGE WHEN
TRANSPLANTING

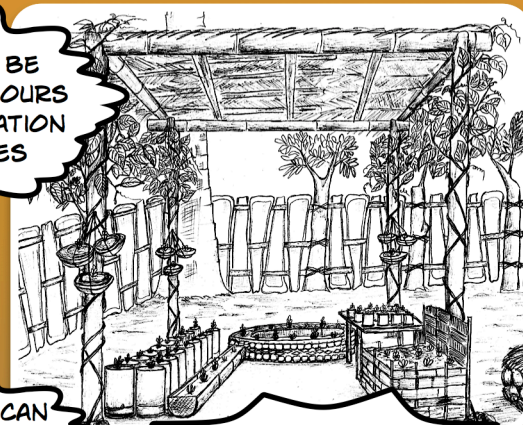


Planting Seeds



LARGE SEEDS CAN BE
SOAKED FOR A FEW HOURS
TO IMPROVE GERMINATION
AND GROWTH RATES

CORN, MELONS, PUMPKINS & BEANS PREFER
PLANTING DIRECT IN THE GROUND, MOST OTHER PLANT
PREFER A NURSERY ENVIRONMENT



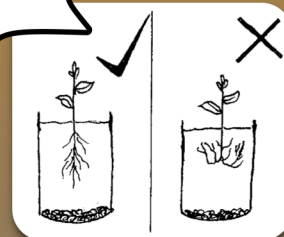
LESS STRESS
=
**BETTER GROWTH
AND PRODUCTION**

VERY SMALL SEEDS CAN
BE MIXED WITH SAND TO
CREATE EVEN DISPERSAL
WHEN SOWING

KEEP THE WATER UP
AND PROVIDE
PROTECTION IF
NECESSARY

BE CAREFUL WITH THE
PLANT ROOTS AND MAKE
SURE THEY POINT DOWN
WHEN PLANTED

Planting Seedlings



HARDENING SEEDLINGS
(INCREASING SUNLIGHT
TO PLANTS FOR A WEEK
BEFORE PLANTING)
IMPROVES GROWTH

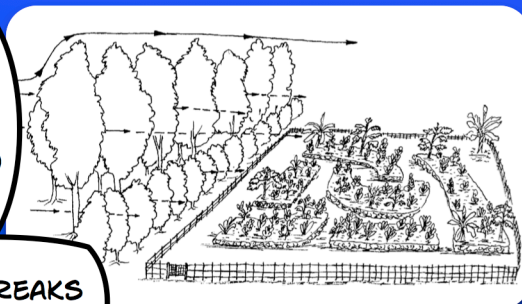
PLANT LATE
AFTERNOON TO
REDUCE STRESS





**CROP INTEGRATION INCLUDING
COMPANION PLANTING -**
IMPROVES PEST MANAGEMENT AND
PRODUCTION

**SUCCESSION
PLANTING -**
SPACE OUT YOUR
PLANTING (OVER TIME)
TO SPACE OUT YOUR
HARVEST



**WINDBREAKS
HELP TOO!**

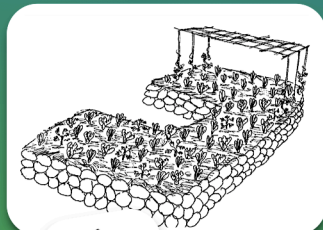
**ANIMALS AND CROPS
CAN GO TOGETHER -**
CHICKENS & DUCKS CAN BE
ENTHUSIASTIC WORKERS IN YOUR
GARDEN!



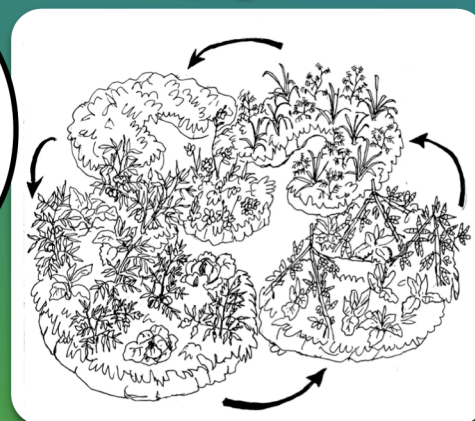
**UTILIZE DIFFERENT
PLANT HEIGHTS -**
TRELLISING INCREASES YOUR
GARDEN SPACE BUT WATCH IT
DOESNT BLOCK THE SUN FOR
OTHER PLANTS



Planting Techniques



CROP ROTATION -
REDUCES PEST AND DISEASE
WHILE BALANCING NUTRIENT
USE AND IMPROVING SOIL
STRUCTURE



**UTILIZE DIFFERENT
PLANT GROWTH PERIODS**
- PLANT FAST HARVEST PLANTS
BETWEEN SLOWER LARGER AND
LONGER HARVEST PLANTS TO
MAXIMISE SPACE



**UTILIZE DIFFERENT
GARDEN BED HEIGHTS -**
THEY CREATE MORE GROWTH SPACE
AND DIFFERENT MICROCLIMATES FOR
MORE PLANT VARIETIES

